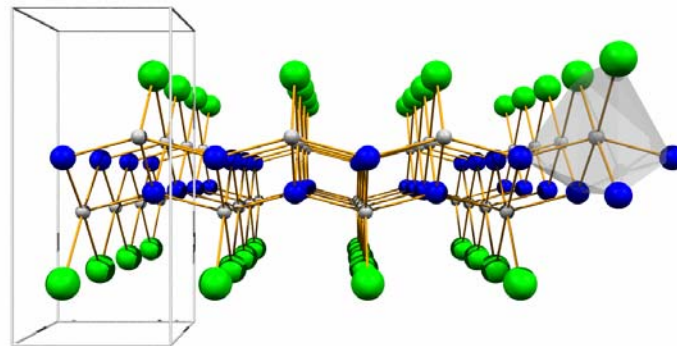


Unusual Spin-Peierls Physics in Oxyhalides

Michael Sing (U Würzburg)



M. Hoinkis (U Würzburg)

S. Glawion

M. Schlachter

R. Claessen

M. Klemm (U Augsburg)

S. Horn

H. Benthien (U Marburg)

E. Jeckelmann (U Hannover)

T. Saha-Dasgupta (S. N. Bose Centre, Kolkata, India)

L. Pisani (Imperial College, London, UK)

R. Valenti (U Frankfurt/M)

S. van Smaalen (U Bayreuth)

A. Krimmel (U Augsburg)

J. Deisenhofer (U Augsburg)

J. Hemberger

A. Loidl

C. Kuntscher (U Augsburg)

**photoemission
&
crystals**

DDMRG

LDA+U/LDA+DMFT

structure

ESR, specific heat

optics under pressure

Outline:

- **TiOCl(Br): a low-dimensional Mott insulator with magnetic frustrations**
- **phase transitions and unusual spin-Peierls scenario**

valence band DOS

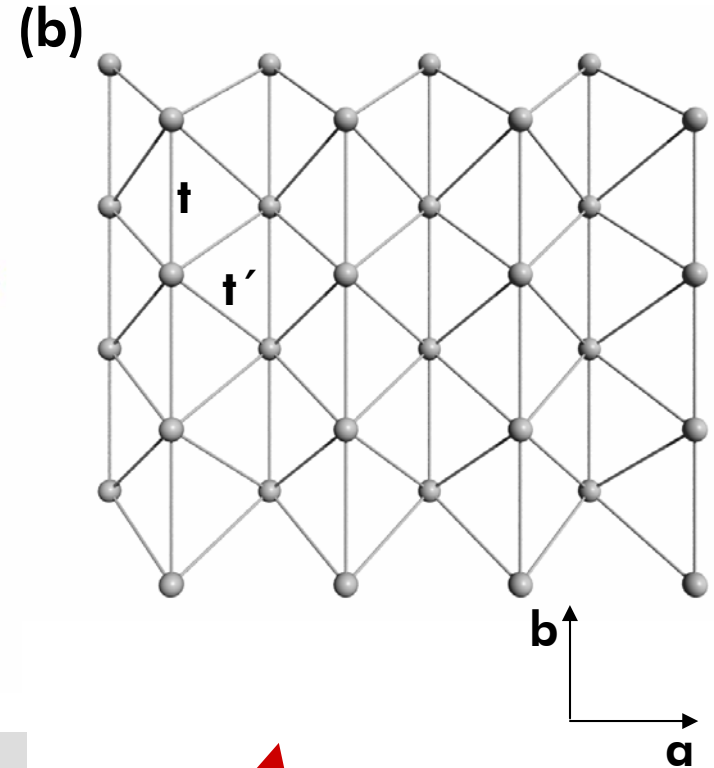
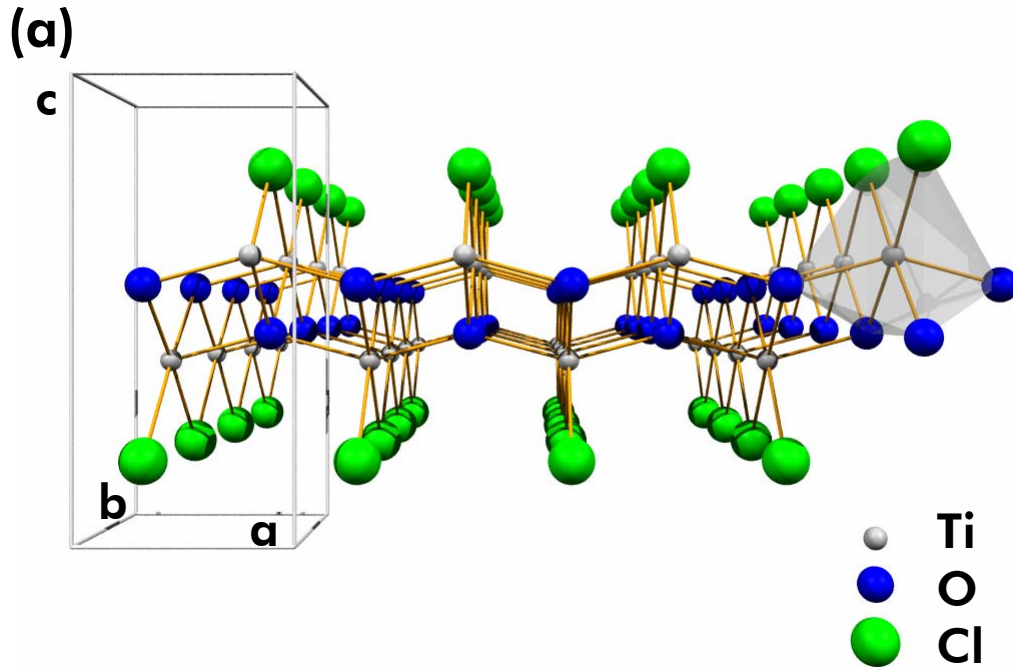
dispersions and anisotropy

orbital symmetry and fluctuations

n-type doping

**probed by
photoemission**

- **summary**

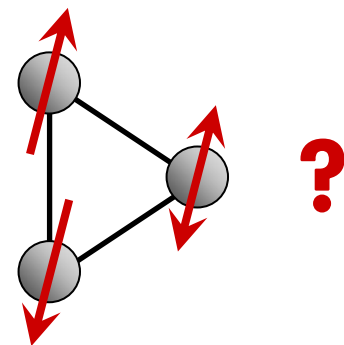


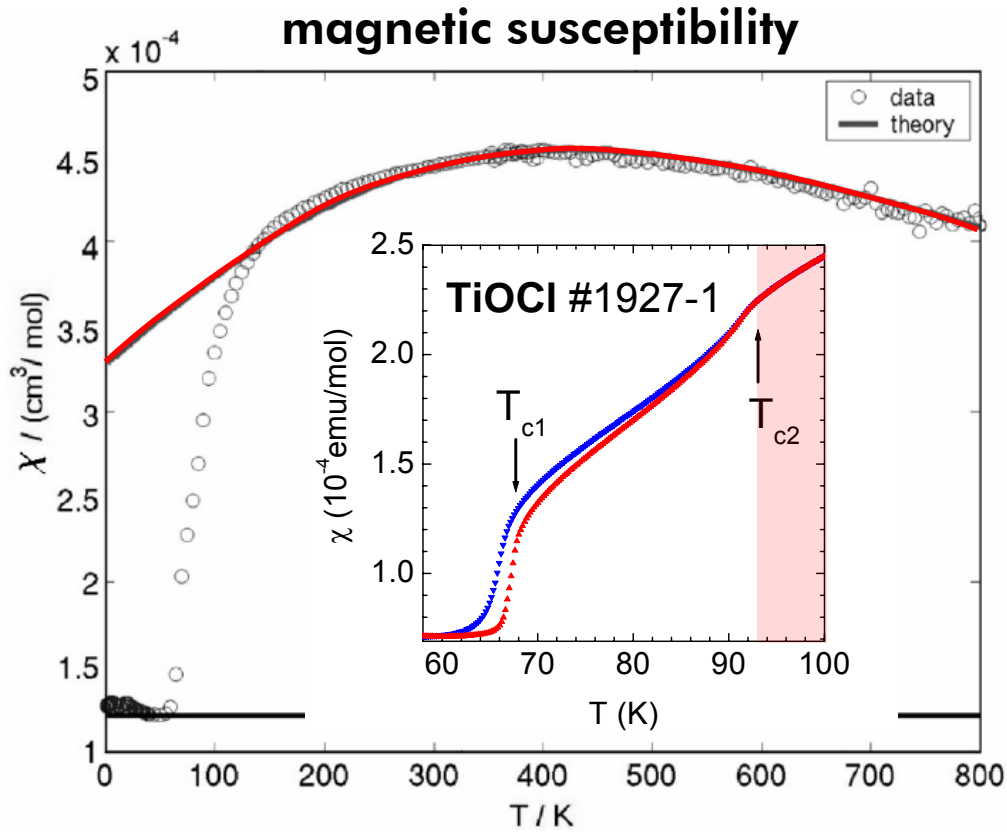
configuration: Ti $3d^1$

→ $1e^-$ /atom: Mott insulator

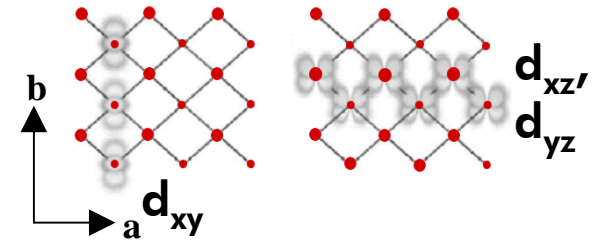
→ local spin $s=1/2$

→ frustrated magnetism,
resonating valence bond (RVB) physics?

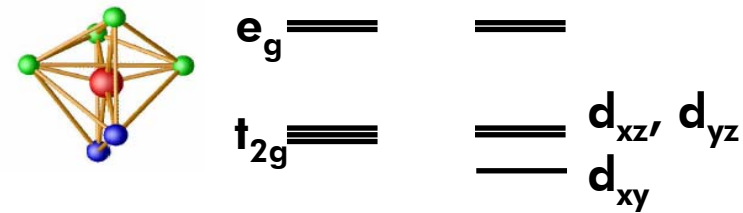




**electronic origin
of 1D behavior?**



band theory (LDA+U)



→ susceptibility of a **1D spin-1/2 chain**

→ exchange constant: $J \sim 660 \text{ K}$

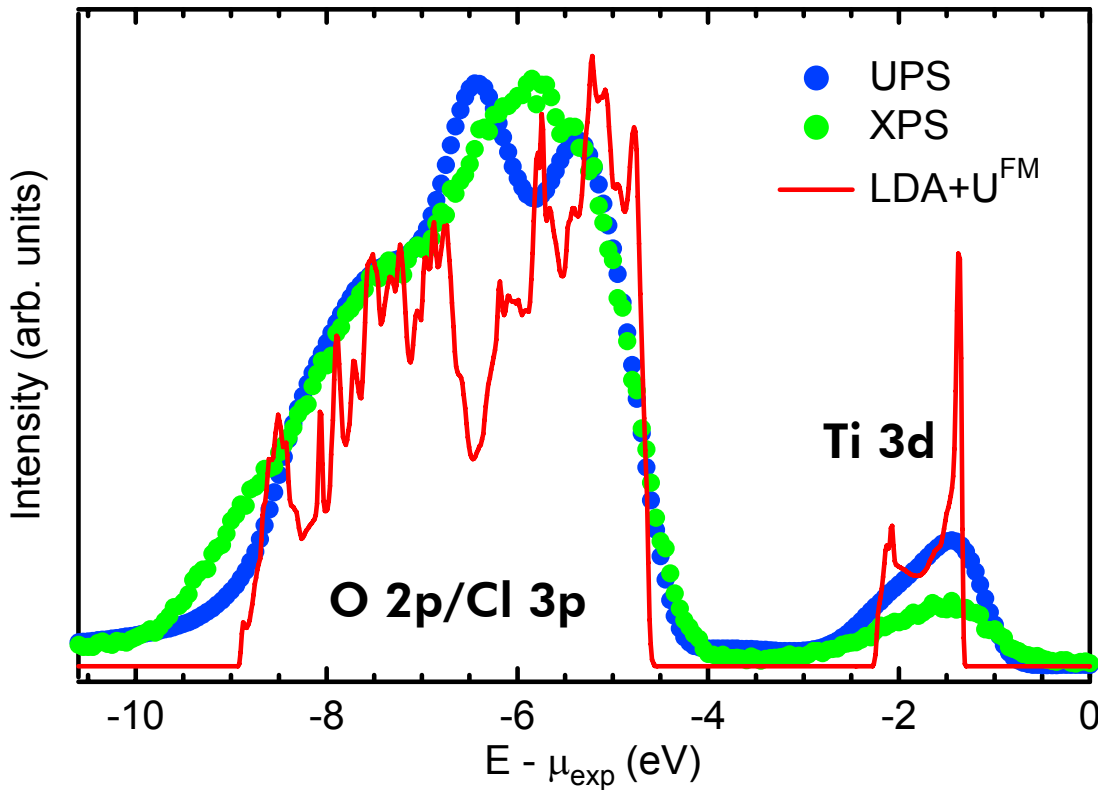
Seidel et al. (2003)

Valenti et al. (2004)

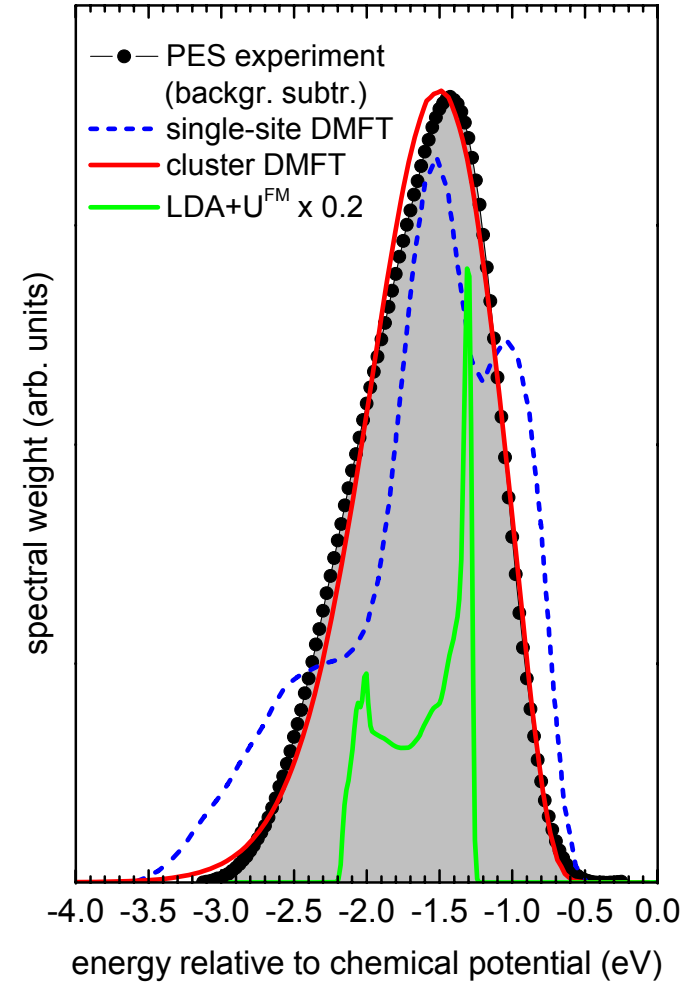
PRB 72, 125127 (2005)

with R. Valenti et al.

photoemission vs. theory



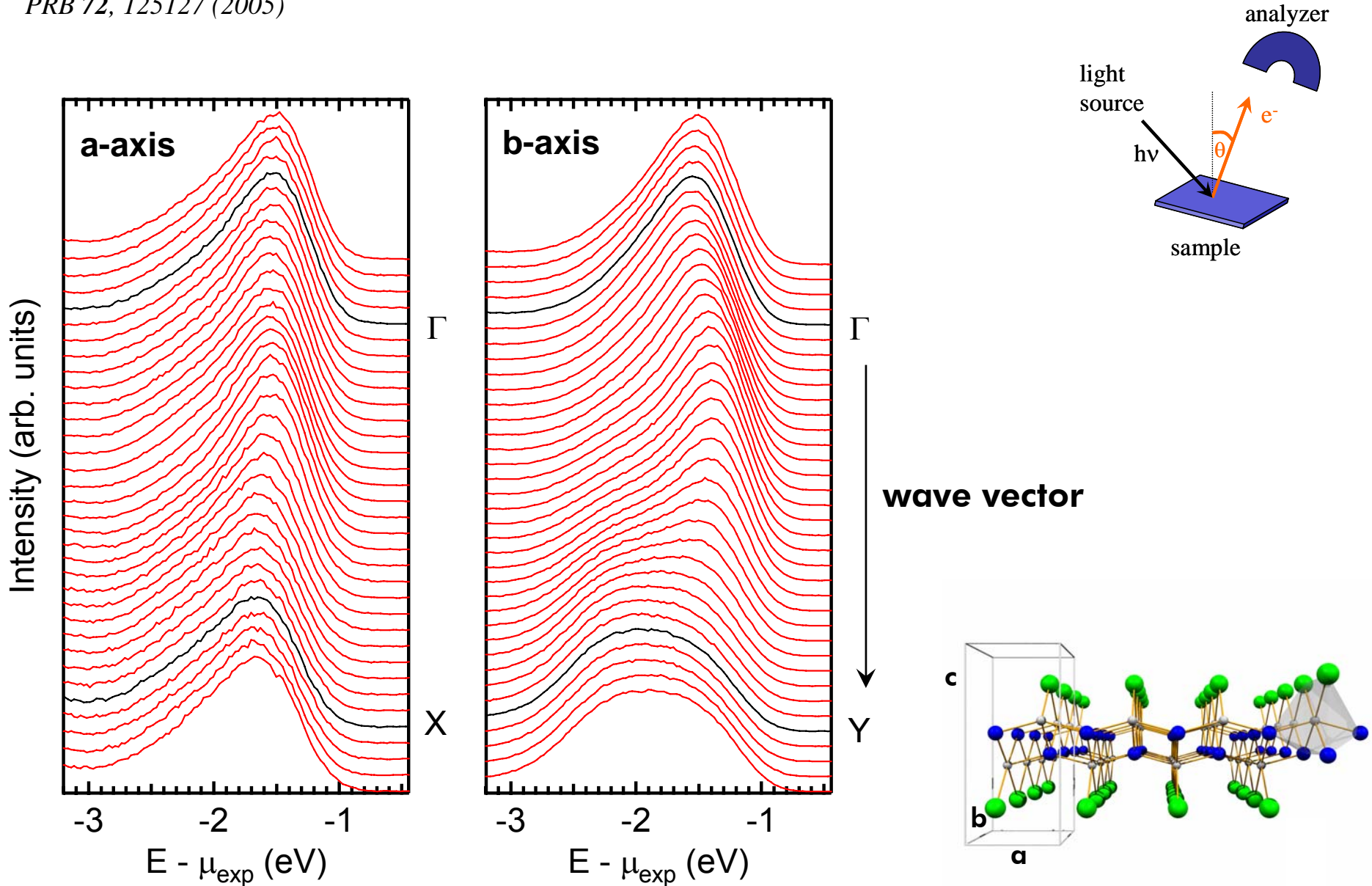
Ti 3d



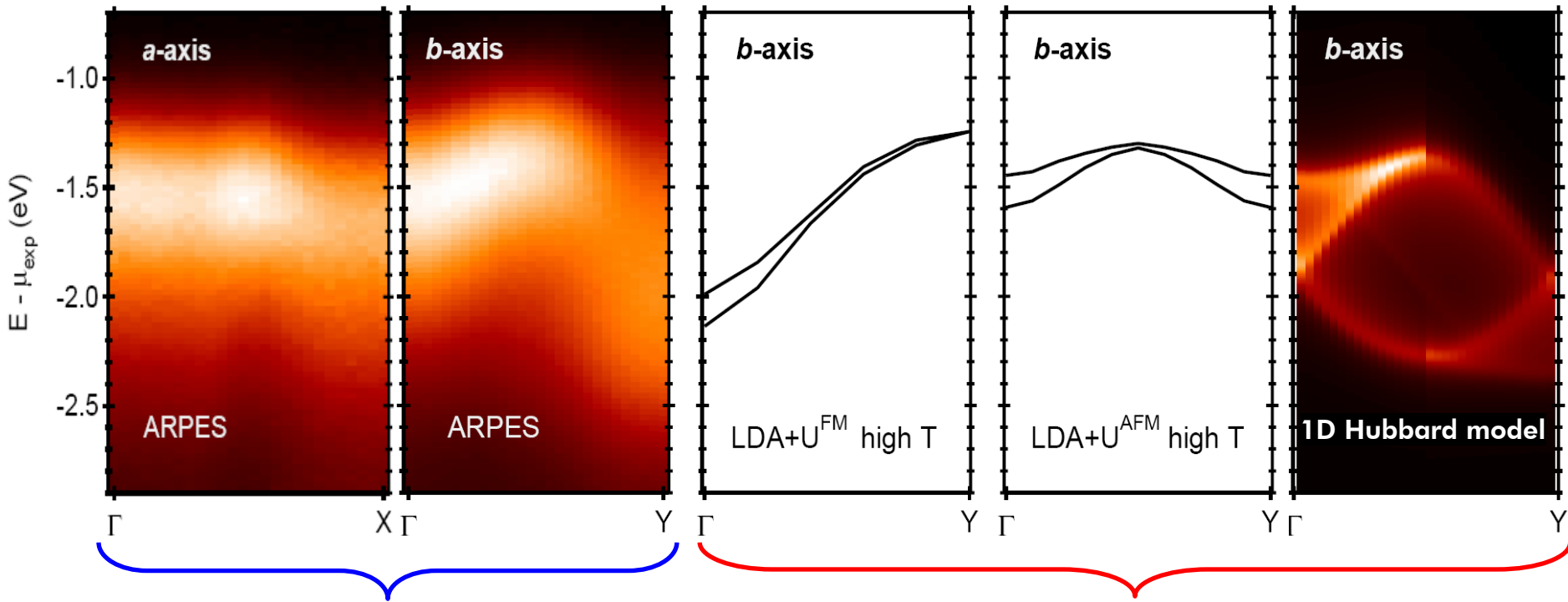
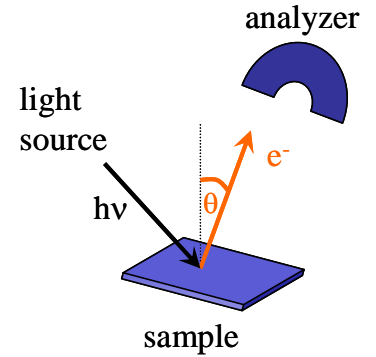
Cluster-DMFT

T. Saha-Dasgupta, A. Lichtenstein, R. Valenti et al. (2006)

PRB 72, 125127 (2005)

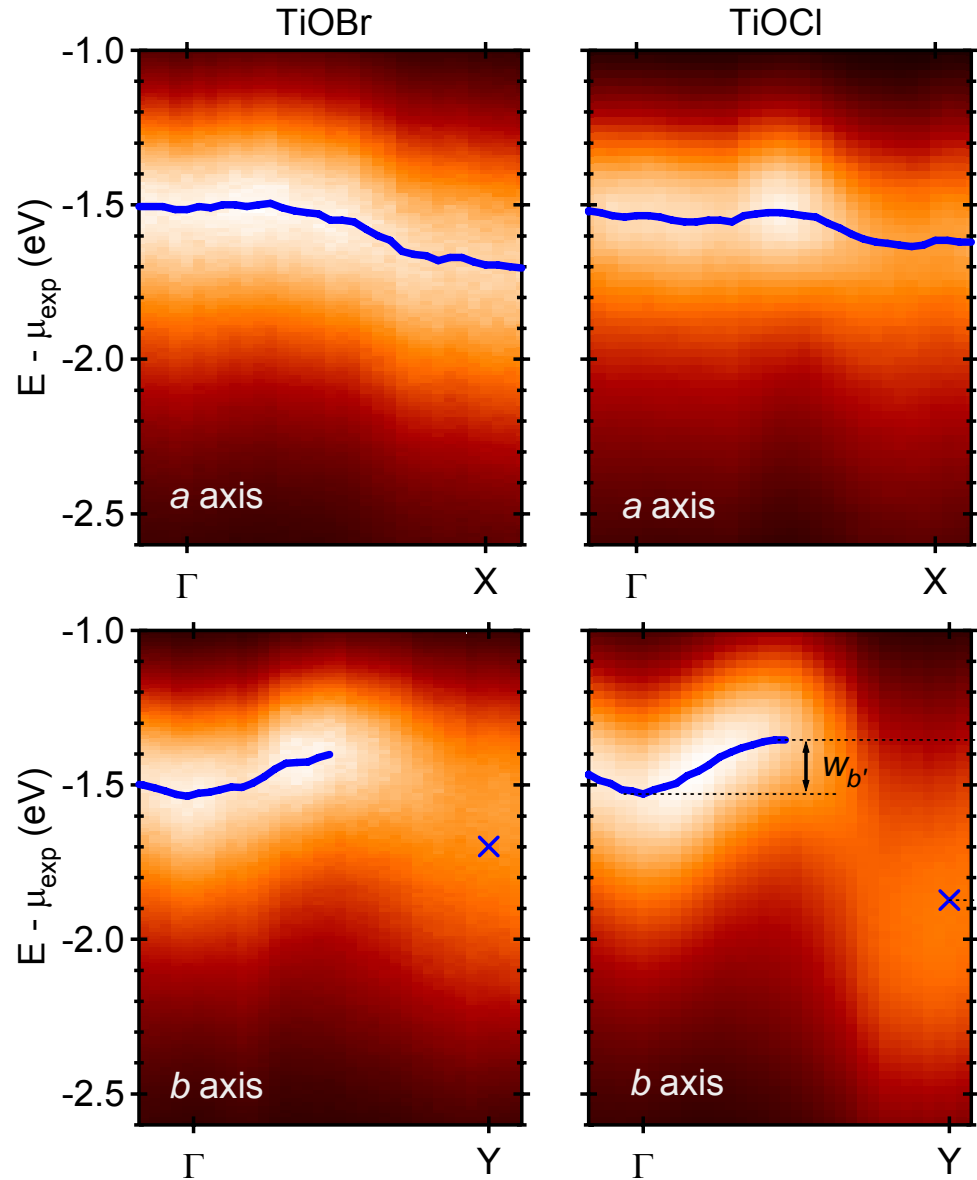


PRB 72, 125127 (2005)



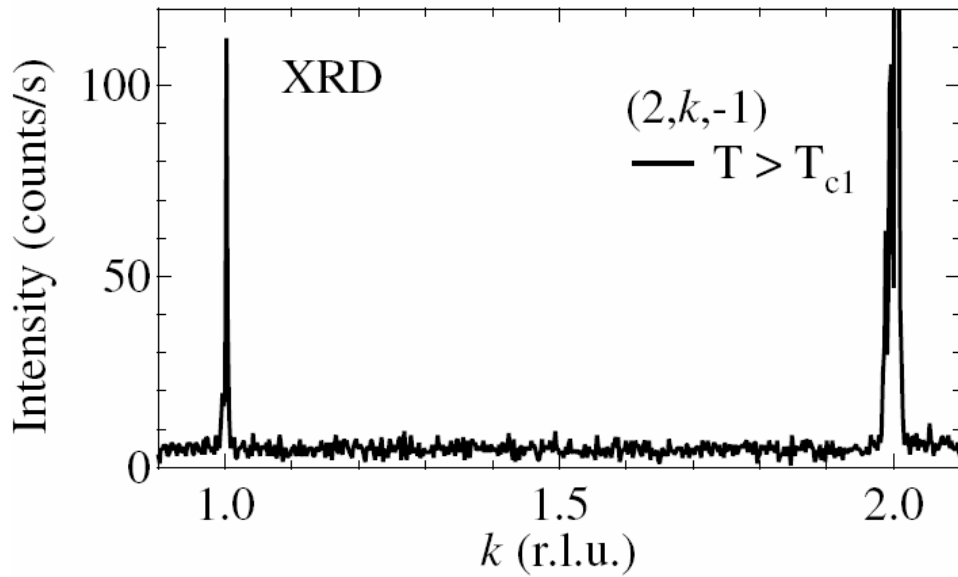
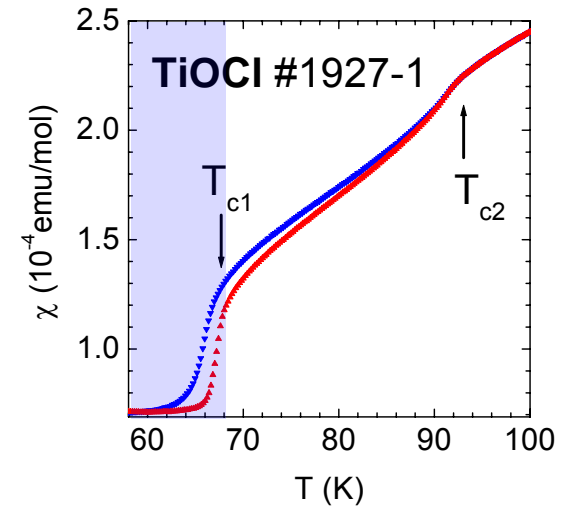
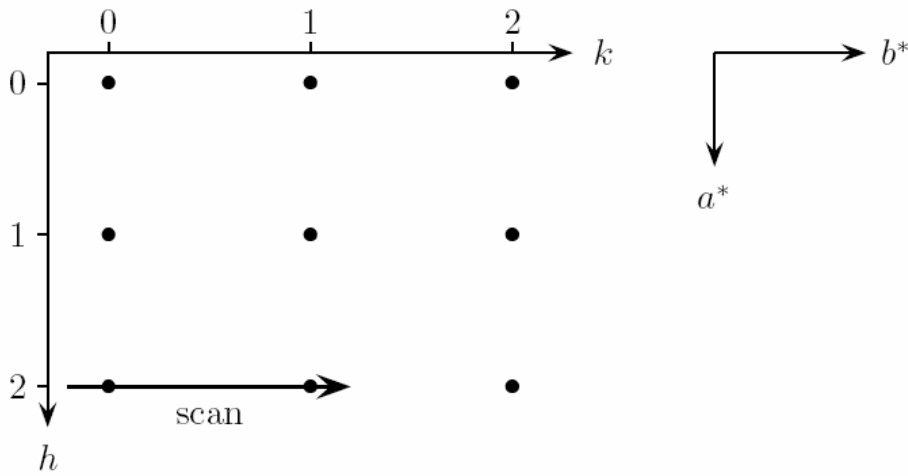
quasi-1D dispersion
along b-axis

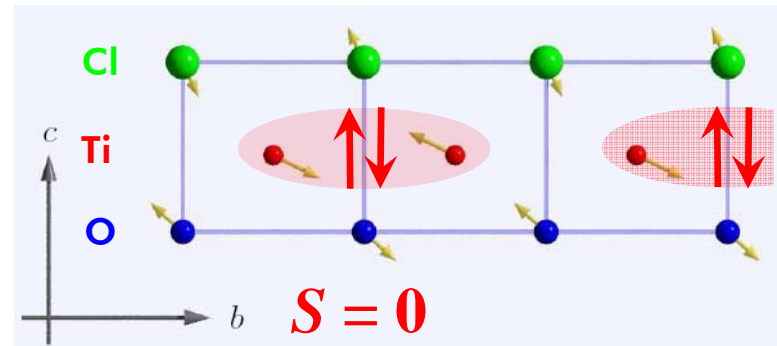
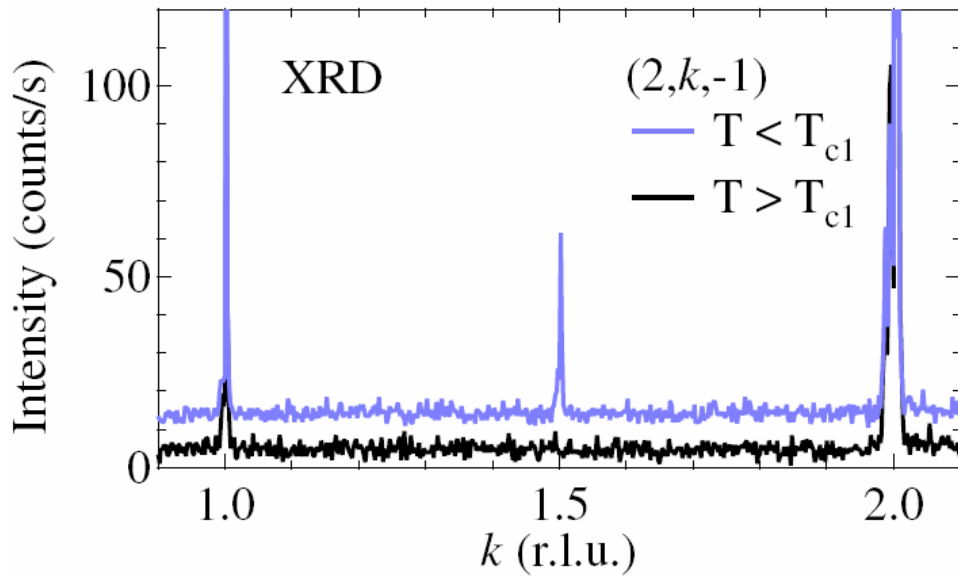
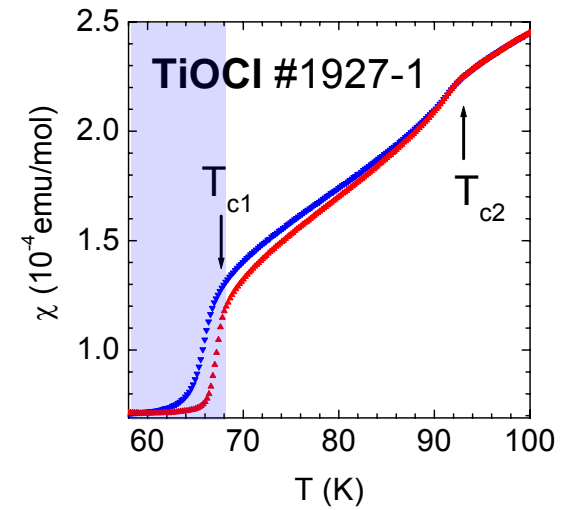
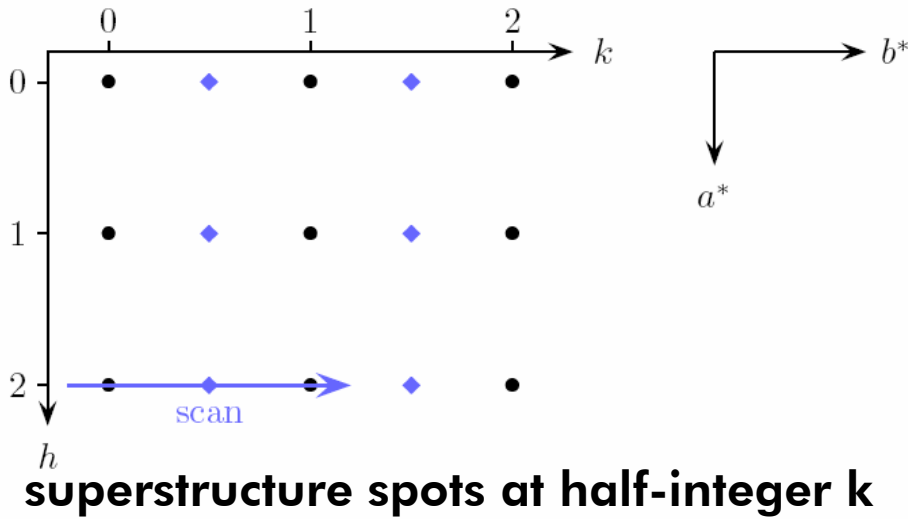
cannot explain experimental dispersion!
(WHAT IS MISSING??)



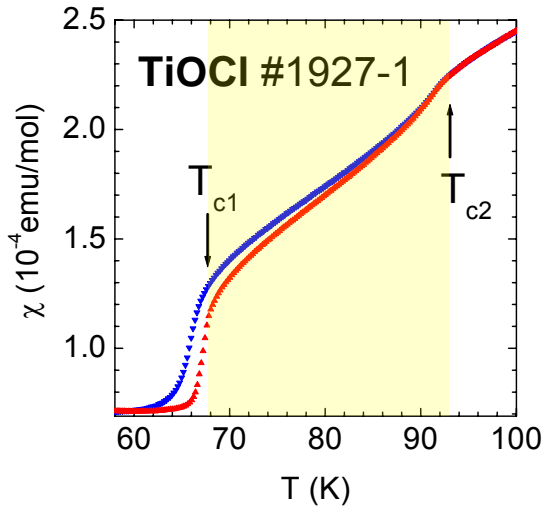
width	TiOBr	TiOCl
w_a	0.27(3) eV	0.12(3) eV
w_b	0.26(5) eV	0.47(5) eV
w'_b	0.13(1) eV	0.17(1) eV

- TiOBr much less one-dimensional than TiOCl (cf. also susceptibility)
- dispersions around Γ scale with \sqrt{J} , i.e. the hopping probability $t \Rightarrow$ no generic 1D behavior





⇒ dimerization and magneto-elastic coupling: spin-Peierls instability



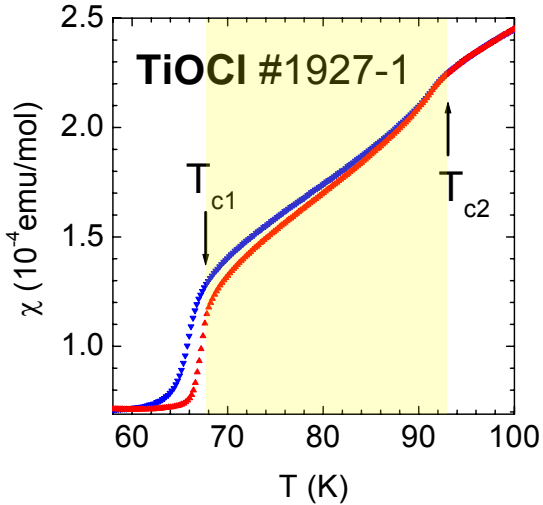
(orbital) fluctuations?

Raman scattering: anomalous phonon line broadening

NMR: pseudogap in spin excitation spectrum

specific heat: entropy at T_{c1} not fully released

LDA+U: phonon-induced admixture of d_{xz}/d_{yz} to d_{xy} ground state?



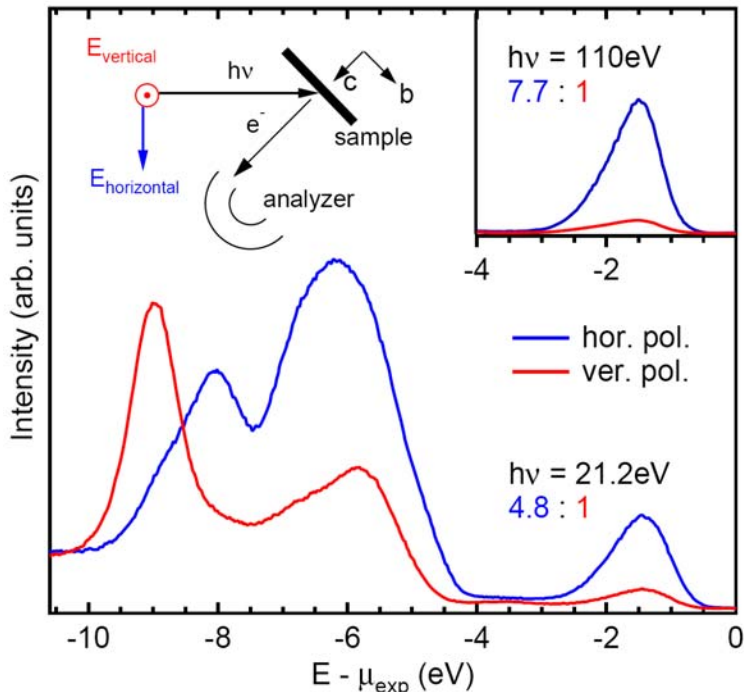
(orbital) fluctuations?

Raman scattering: anomalous phonon line broadening

NMR: pseudogap in spin excitation spectrum

specific heat: entropy at T_{c1} not fully released

LDA+U: phonon-induced admixture of d_{xz}/d_{yz} to d_{xy} ground state?



most likely not orbitals!

photoemission:

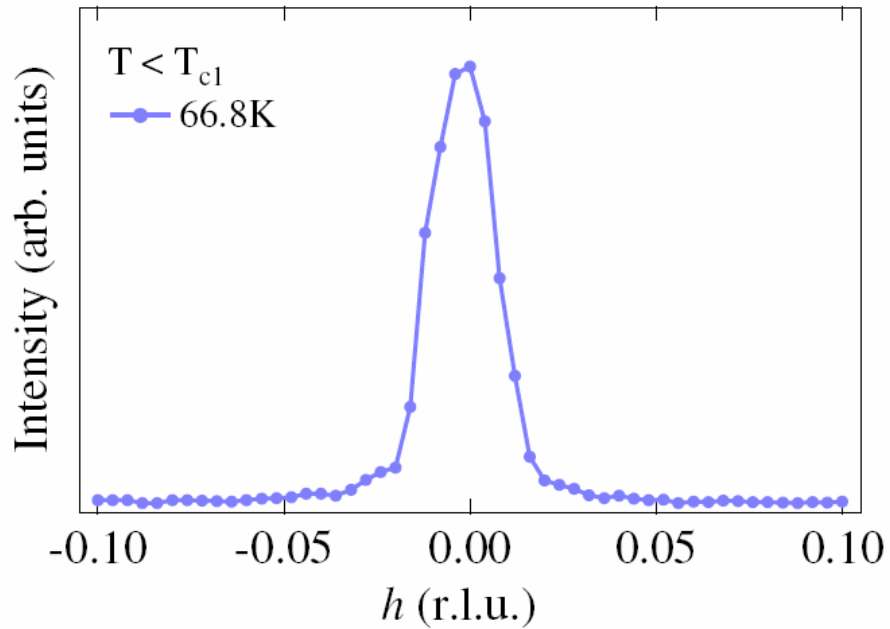
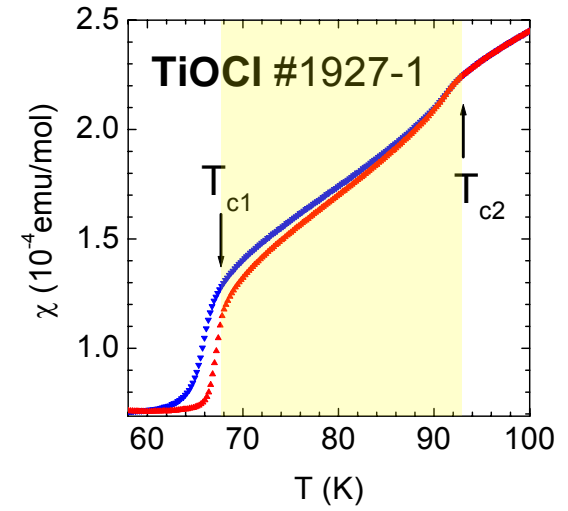
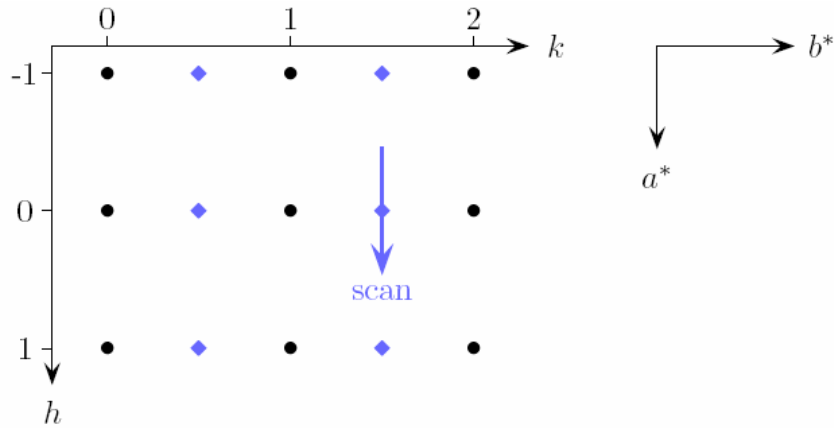
no admixture from other d-orbitals @ 300 K

PRB 72, 125127 (2005)

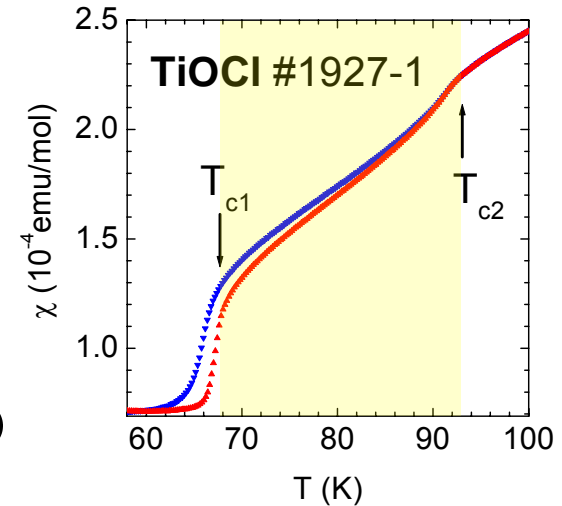
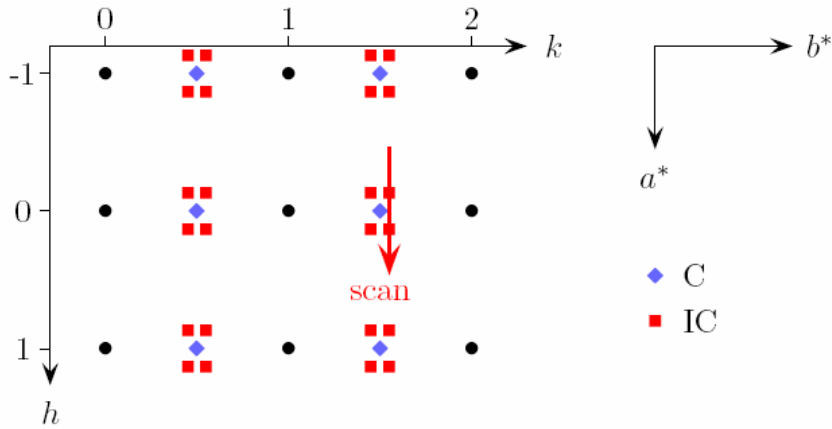
optical spectroscopy+cluster calc:

pure d_{xy} ground state up to 100 K

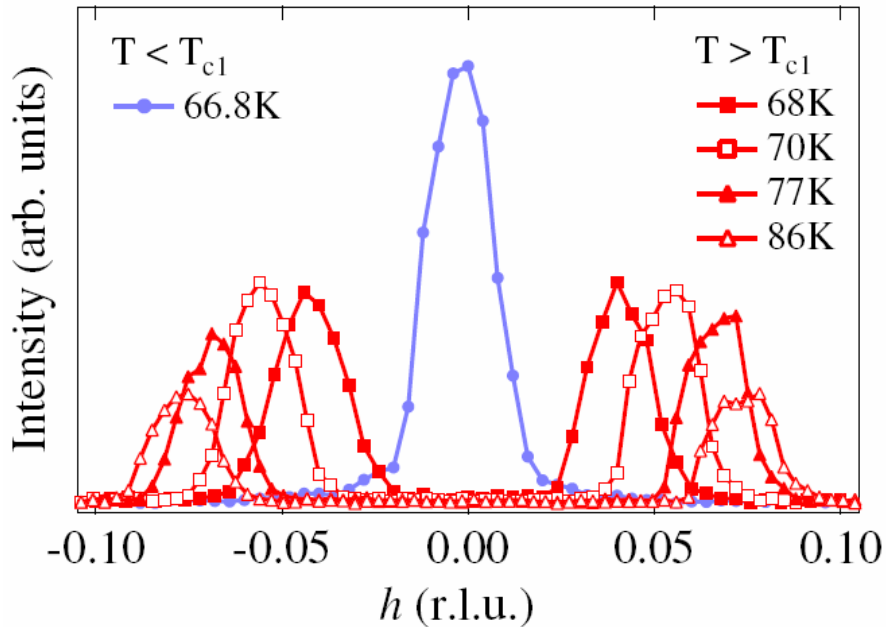
Rückkamp et al., PRL 95, 097203 (2005)



A. Krimmel et al., PRB 73, 172413 (2006)



Incommensurate superstructure spots at $(\pm\delta, \frac{1}{2} \pm \epsilon, 0)$

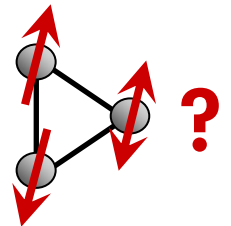


A. Krimmel et al., PRB 73, 172413 (2006)

incommensurate spin-Peierls phase induced by frustrated interchain interaction?

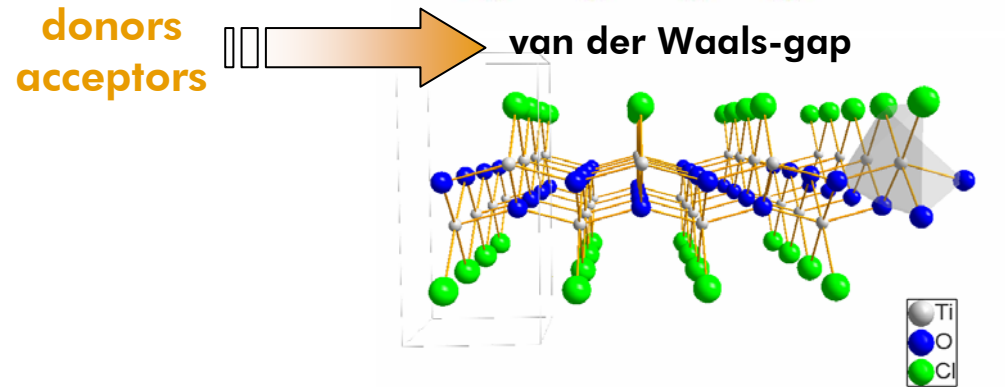
Rückamp et al., PRL 95, 097203 (2005)

- ⇒ (partial) restoration of RVB physics?
- ⇒ exotic superconductivity, if driven into metallic state?



various routes towards doping:

- cation substitution: $(\text{Ti}, \text{Sc})\text{OCl}$, $(\text{Ti}, \text{V})\text{OCl}$
- anion substitution: $\text{Ti}(\text{O}, \text{N})\text{Cl}$
- intercalation (electrochemically, wet-chemically, alkali metal evaporation)

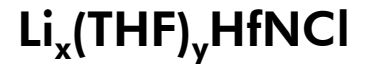
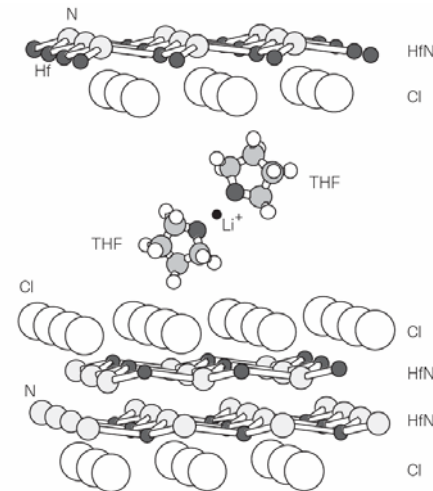


letters to nature

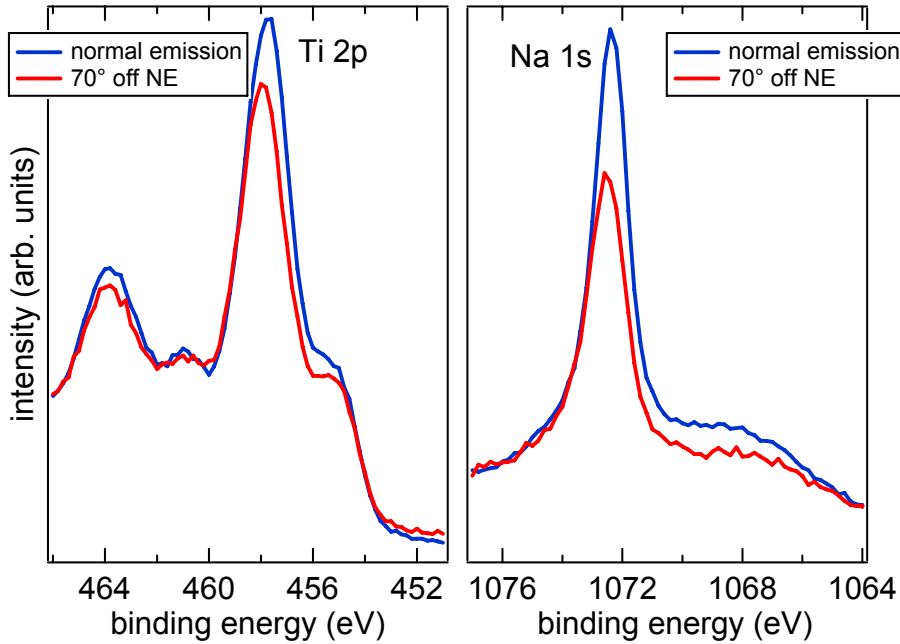
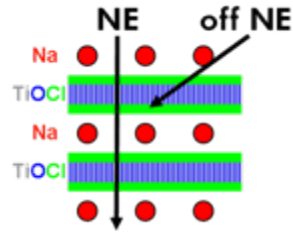
Superconductivity at 25.5 K in electron-doped layered hafnium nitride

Shoji Yamanaka^{*†}, Ken-ichi Hotehama^{*} & Hitoshi Kawaji^{*}

Nature 392, 580 (1998)

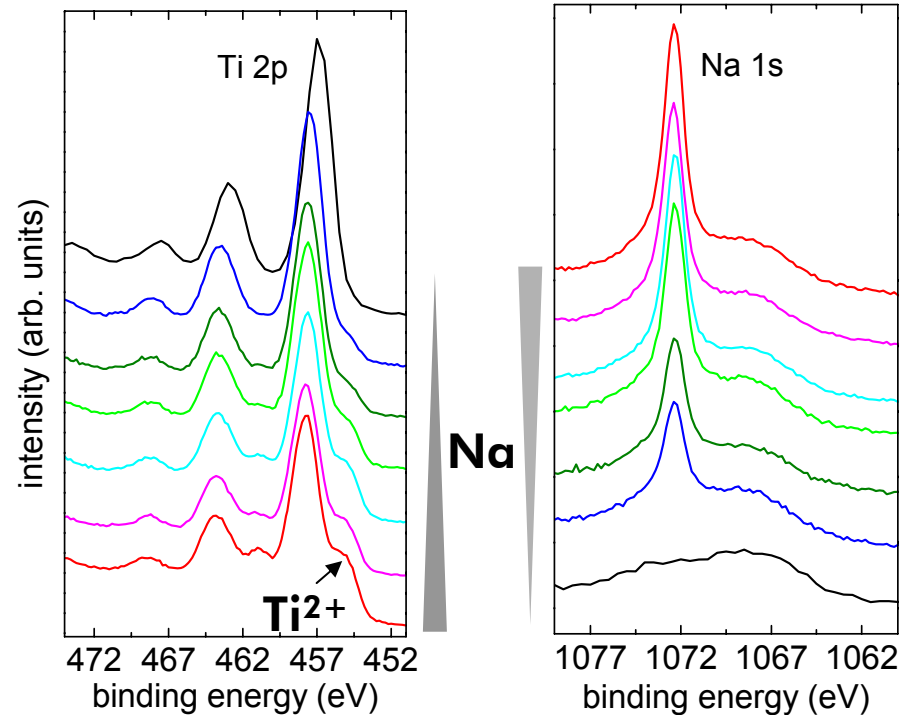


angle-dependent XPS:

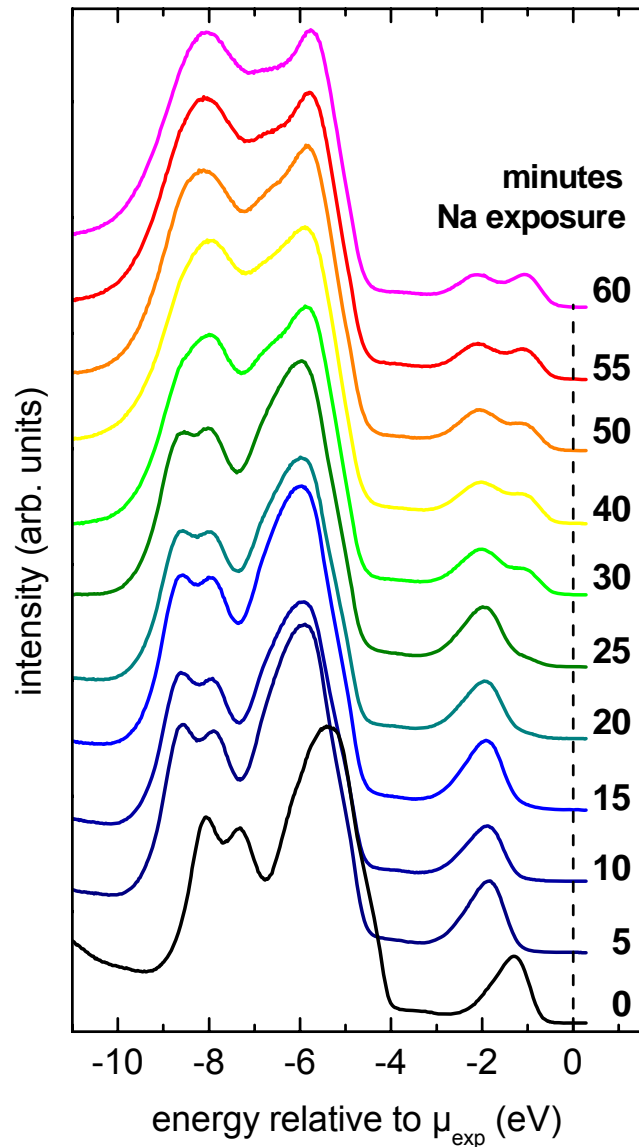


⇒ no Na surface layer: Na atoms intercalate in van der Waals-gaps

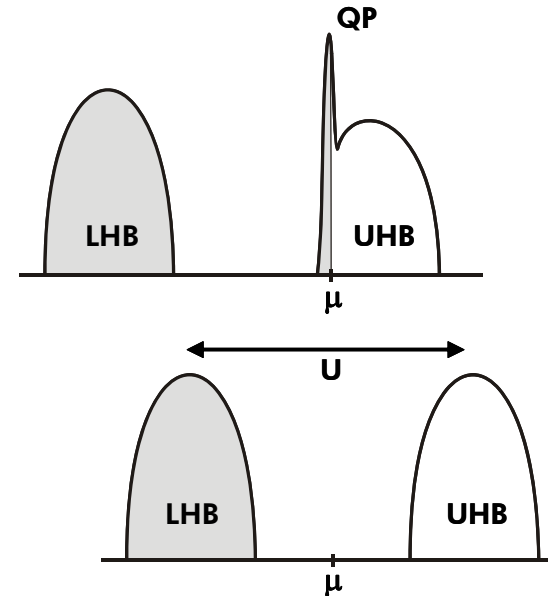
Ti²⁺/Ti³⁺ vs. Na content



⇒ Ti²⁺/Ti³⁺ scales with Na content: charge transfer Na → Ti



most simple picture

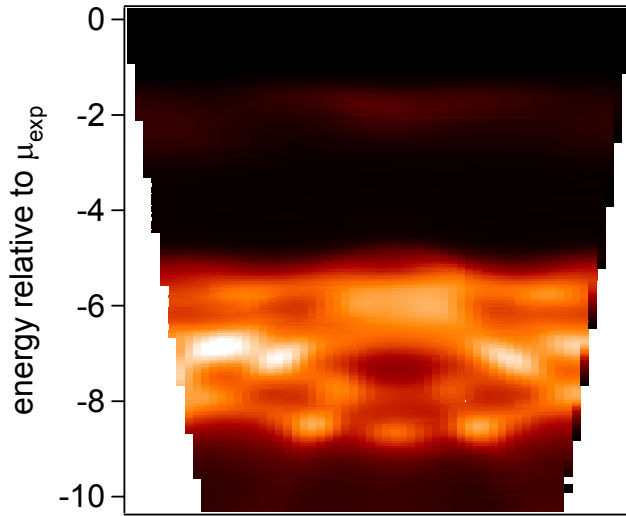


but:

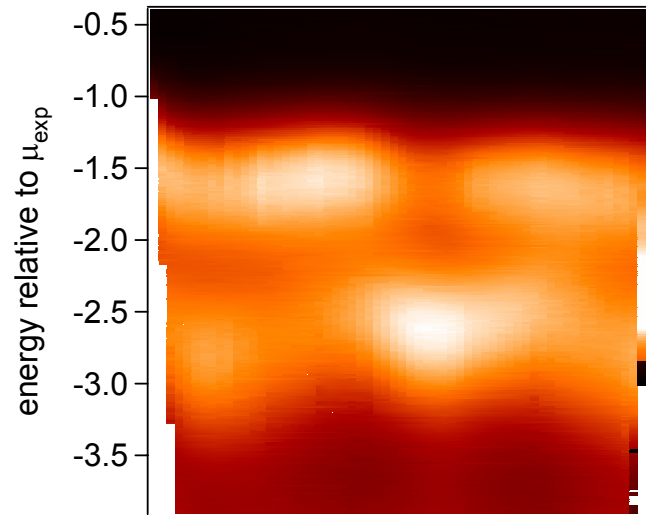
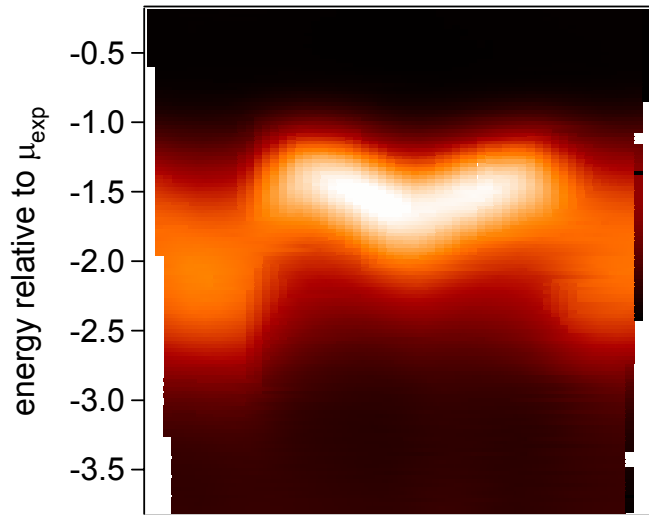
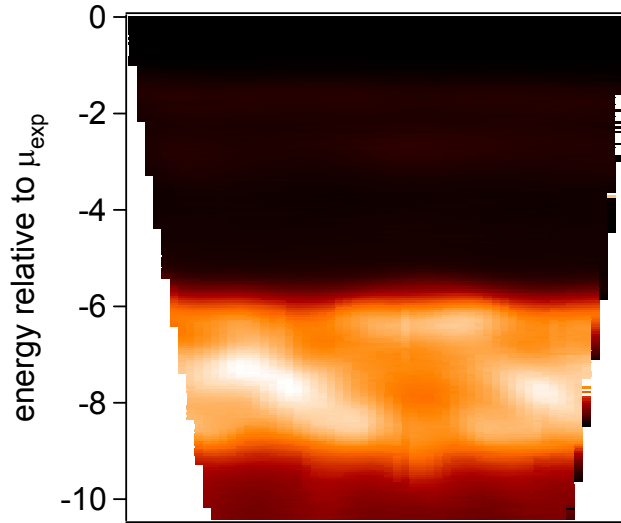
- μ not pinned at about half the charge gap
- no spectral weight at μ (no QP)
- complex scaling of Ti 3d components upon doping (transfer of spectral weight?)

⇒ multiorbital/multiplet effects important

before:



after:



- dispersions preserved
- emergence of new states in gap region: origin? incipient MIT?

Unusual Spin-Peierls Physics in Oxyhalides

- **magnetoelastic coupling in 1D**
- **ARPES data mysterious (not generic 1D)**
- **incommensurable phase due to frustrated interchain coupling**
- **exotic superconductivity in doped spin liquid?
n-doping not successful so far (multiplet effects)
physics upon p-doping probably simpler**